## Photochemical CO<sub>2</sub> reduction in water with a carbon nitride modified with Co porphyrin molecular catalyst

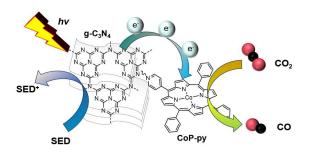
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Recently, development of artificial photosynthetic systems, made up of a semiconductor photocatalyst and a functional molecule, promoting visible-light-driven CO<sub>2</sub> reduction reaction (CO<sub>2</sub>RR) has received increasing attention. Among a large number of semiconductors, graphitic carbon nitride (g-C<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>) is often used as a semiconductor photocatalyst for CO<sub>2</sub>RR because the conduction band edge potential possesses sufficiently negative potential for CO<sub>2</sub>RR.<sup>1</sup> Nevertheless, a g-C<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> photocatalyst modified with a molecular catalyst showing a high selectivity for CO<sub>2</sub> reduction even in a fully aqueous media is still very rare.

In this study, a g-C<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> photocatalyst chemisorbed with Co porphyrin molecular catalyst having a pyridyl anchor<sup>2</sup> (g-C<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>/CoP-py) has been prepared and its performance for photocatalytic CO<sub>2</sub>RR in the presence of a sacrificial electron doner (TEOA) has been evaluated in 0.1 M NaHCO<sub>3</sub> aqueous media saturated with CO<sub>2</sub>. Under visible light irradiation conditions ( $\lambda > 400$  nm), g-C<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>/CoP-py exhibits CO<sub>2</sub>-to-CO conversion activity with a quite high CO production selectivity (about 80%, TON<sub>8h</sub> = 3.4). This study revealed for the first time that our pyridyl anchoring technique is also effective for C<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> and that higher selectivity is achieved by chemisorption of a relatively large amount of Co porphyrin promoting CO<sub>2</sub>-to-CO conversion with a higher selectivity even in fully aqueous media<sup>3</sup>.



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