

## Electronic Structure of $\text{La}(\text{Be},\text{N})_2$ with $\text{CaB}_2\text{C}_2$ -type structure

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### Abstract

Layered compounds exhibit attractive physical properties such as superconductivity and magnetism and have garnered considerable interest for their potential in advanced functional materials. Compounds with the  $\text{CaB}_2\text{C}_2$ -type structure are particularly notable.  $\text{CaB}_2\text{C}_2$  features unique eight-membered rings composed of boron and carbon atoms, which stack along the c-axis with intercalated ions to form its crystal structure. Superconductors such as  $\text{YB}_2\text{C}_2$  and  $\text{LuB}_2\text{C}_2$  have been discovered within this structural family [1]. Recent data driven study of related compound suggest that thin-film forms of  $\text{CaB}_2\text{C}_2$ -type and its related compounds may exhibit significantly enhanced superconducting transition temperatures ( $T_c$ ) [2,3].

In our research, we focus on developing new superconductors by exploring compounds in which the eight-membered rings are composed of elements other than boron and carbon. Specifically, we investigated  $\text{La}(\text{Be},\text{N})_2$  using first-

principles calculations and found that it has the potential to be a superconductor [4]. In  $\text{La}(\text{Be},\text{N})_2$ , the eight-membered rings are formed by beryllium and nitrogen atoms, embedded within a layered crystal framework. Electronic structure calculations indicate that the ground state of  $\text{La}(\text{Be},\text{N})_2$  is metallic (Fig. 1) and suggest that favorable conditions for superconductivity with calculated maximum  $T_c \sim 17$  K.

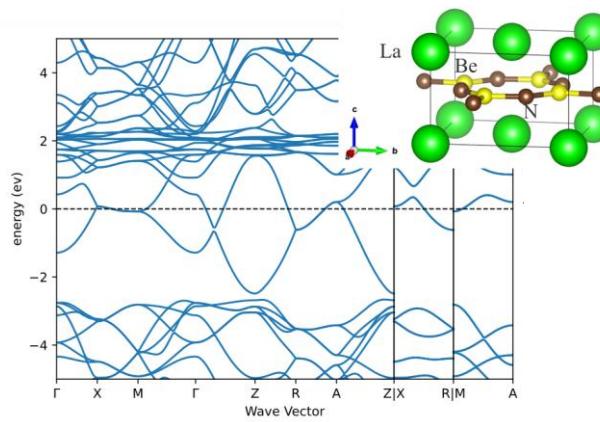


Fig. 1 Band Structure of  $\text{La}(\text{Be},\text{N})_2$ . Inset: crystal structure of  $\text{La}(\text{Be},\text{N})_2$  (VESTA was used [5]).

### References

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