

Observations of seismo-traveling ionospheric disturbance during the 2011 Tohoku earthquake using HF Doppler Observations of seismo-traveling ionospheric disturbance during the 2011 Tohoku earthquake using HF Doppler

CHOU, Min-yang^{1*} ; TSAI, Ho-fang¹ ; LIU, Jann-yenq²
CHOU, Min-yang^{1*} ; TSAI, Ho-fang¹ ; LIU, Jann-yenq²

¹Department of Earth Science, National Cheng-Kung University, Taiwan, ²Institute of Space Science, National Central University, Taiwan

¹Department of Earth Science, National Cheng-Kung University, Taiwan, ²Institute of Space Science, National Central University, Taiwan

This paper reports seismo-traveling ionospheric disturbances (STIDs) induced by the 11 March 2011 M9.0 Tohoku-oki earthquake and following pan-Pacific tsunami by two networks of HF (high-frequency) Doppler sounding systems in Japan and Taiwan. The Hilbert-Huang Transform (HHT) is applied to analyze Doppler frequency shifts (DFSs) detecting STIDs, while the time delay, circle, ray-tracing, and beam-forming methods are used to compute the propagation of the detected STIDs. Both STIDs induced by the Rayleigh waves and tsunami of the Tohoku-oki earthquake are detected and discussed.

キーワード: STIDs, Ionosphere, earthquake, tsunami
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